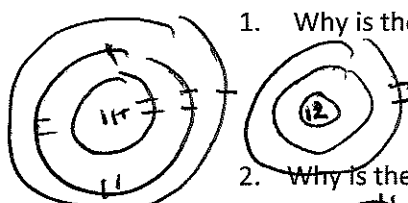
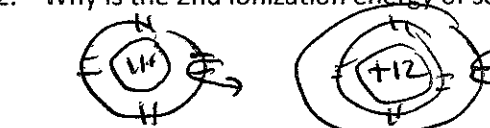


Topic Reminder Q4
 Periodic Trends
 #2-4

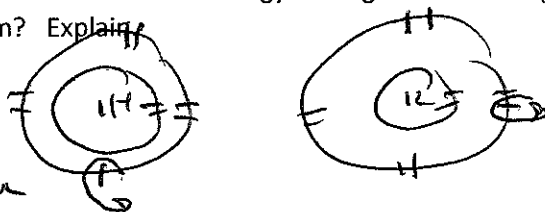
	1 st ionization kJ/mol	2 nd ionization kJ/mol	3 rd ionization kJ/mol
Sodium	550	1400	1700
Magnesium	700	1100	

Ionization energy

1. Why is the 1st ionization of magnesium larger than the 1st ionization of sodium.

 More p⁺, causing more Coulombic attraction making it harder to remove or break ↗

2. Why is the 2nd ionization energy of sodium higher than the 2nd ionization of magnesium.

 Na, due to e⁻ being removed is at a closer energy level

3. Would you predict the 3rd ionization energy of magnesium to be (higher/lower) than the 3rd ionization of sodium? Explain



Mg, same approx distance but Mg has more p⁺

Radius

4. O (\ominus) then F? explain

↑ Coulombic, due to more p⁺

5. O²⁻ ($\ominus\ominus$) then Ne? explain

↑ Coulombic due to more p⁺

6. Na (\ominus) then Ne? explain

↑ Na has 1 more energy level so it is much bigger

7. Na⁺ (\oplus) then F⁻¹ Explain

↓ due to more Coulombic attraction